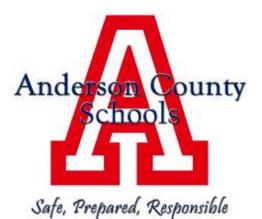
Fourth Grade – English/Language Arts

Kentucky Core Academic Standards with Targets Student Friendly Targets Pacing Guide



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College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards for Reading

The K-5 standards on the following pages define what students should understand and be able to do by the end of each grade. They correspond to ten broad College and Career Readiness (CCR) anchor standards. The CCR and grade specific standards are necessary complements, that together define the skills and understandings that all students must demonstrate.

English Language Arts (ELA) is divided into four strands: 1) Reading, 2) Writing (W), 3) Speaking and Listening (SL), and 4) Language (L). Within the reading strand, there are three sections: Reading Literature (RL), Reading Informational (RI), Reading Foundational Skills (FS).

In Reading, the ten standards are divided into four sections.

- Standards 1-3 Key Ideas and Details
- Standards 4-6 Craft and Structure
- Standards 7-9 Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
- Standard 10 Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

In Writing, the ten standards are divided into four sections.

- Standards 1-3 Text Types and Purposes
- Standards 4-6 Production and Distribution of Writing
- Standards 7-9 Research to Build and Present Knowledge
- Standard 10 Range of Writing

In Speaking and Listening, the ten standards are divided into two sections.

- Standards 1-3 Comprehension and Collaboration
- Standards 4-6 Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

In Language, the standards are divided into three sections.

- Standards 1-2 Conventions of Standard English
- Standard 3 Knowledge of Language

Standards 4-6 Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

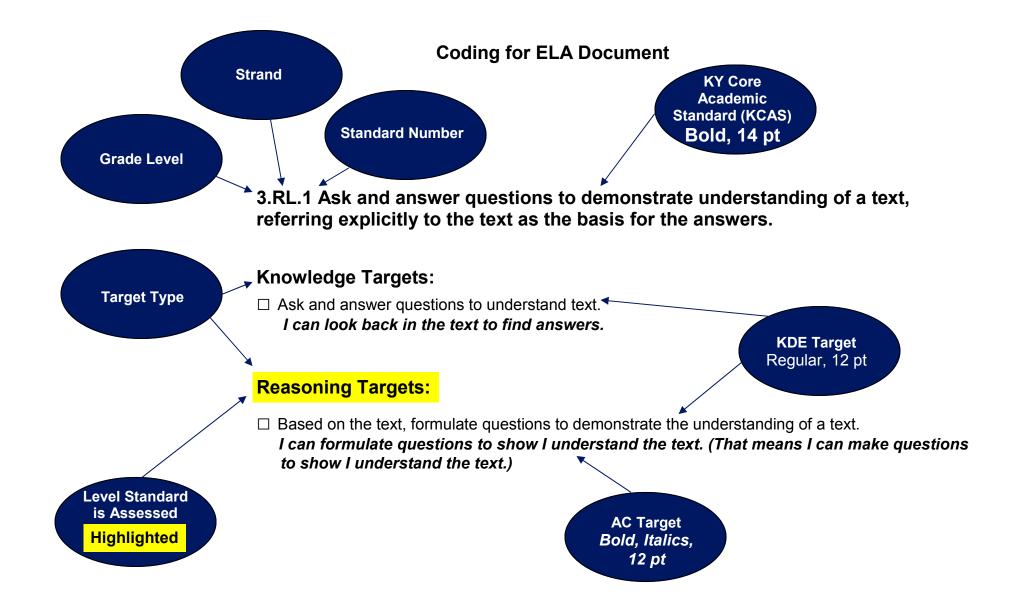
Development of Pacing Document

During the summer 2011, Anderson County teachers and administrators developed learning targets for each of the Kentucky Core Academic Standards in English Language Arts. In winter 2012, curriculum resource teachers verified the congruency of the standards and targets and recommended revisions. Teachers refined the work and began planning the development of common assessments to ensure students learn the intended curriculum.

Anderson County Schools would like to thank each of our outstanding teachers and administrators who contributed to this important English Language Arts curriculum project. Special thanks to Robin Arnzen Brandy Beasley, Sam Blackburn, Stacey Blakeman,, Julie Bowen, Carol Carter, Heather Chilton, Julie Conley, Tanya Cook, Alicia Copenhaver, LauraLee Currens, Becky Drury, Amanda Ellis, Connie Gott, Beth Harley, Carolyn Hatchett, Nicole Hicks, Linda Hill, Ashley Holloman, Lisa Hudson, Katie Hutton, Sharon Jackman, Penny Johnson, Steve Karsner, Nicole Kidwell, Teresa Miller, Kim Penn, Wayne Reese, Krista Sawyer, Jennifer Sea, Annette Shields, Holly Sills, Ashley Simms, Jeanna Slusher, Sue Welsh, Amy Wilder, Julie Wise, and Lissa Woodyard. Thanks also to Leslie Mitchell (ACMS), Mickey Ray (ACHS), and Bridget Wells (ACHS) for providing comments to the work.

North Carolina State Board of Education created a most helpful document entitled "Common Core Instructional Support Tools - Unpacking Standards". The document answers the question "What do the standards mean that a student must know and be able to do?" The "unpacking" is included in our "What Does This Standard Mean?" section. The complete North Carolina document can be found at http://www.dpi.state.nc.us/docs/acre/standards/common-core-tools/unpacking/ela/4.pdf

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Anderson County Elementary Pacing Guide

English/Language Arts Grade 4

Reading Literature			
Standard	What Does This Standard Mean?	Vocabulary	Dates Taught
 4.RL.1 Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. Knowledge Targets: Identify key details and examples in a text. (Underpinning) <i>I can identify key details and examples in a text.</i> Reasoning Targets: Explain how details and examples from the text support making inferences. <i>I can explain how details and examples from the text support my inferences.</i> Explain the difference between explicit and inferred information. <i>I can explain the difference between explicit (found in text) and inferred information.</i> 	 Mean? Fourth grade students should refer to the text when drawing conclusions as well as when answering directly stated questions. The central message or lesson is now referred to as theme (a unifying idea that is a recurrent element in literary or artistic work). Students are continuing to determine a theme and expanding this work to other genres. They are required to refer to the text to describe various story elements. Use questions and prompts such as: Can you tell me the reasons why the character saidin the story? Show me where you linked your thinking to the text. What are the most important events that happened in the story? How do you know? What is the theme of this text? Summarize the story from beginning to end in a few sentences. 		Taught Nov- Dec
	 Can you tell me how the character is feeling is this part of the story? Explain why the character is feeling this way. 		

4.RL.2 Determine the theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text; summarize the text.		Jan-Feb
 Knowledge Targets: Apply details of a text to determine the theme of a poem. I can identify the details in a text and use them to tell the theme of the poem. Define theme of a story. I can identify the theme of a story. Define theme of a drama. I can identify the theme of a drama. Define theme of a poem. I can identify the theme of a poem. I can identify the theme of a poem. Summarize key ideas and details for the theme of a story. Summarize key ideas for the theme of a drama. I can summarize key ideas for the theme of a drama. Summarize key ideas and details for the theme of a drama. I can summarize key ideas for the theme of a drama. I can summarize key ideas for the theme of a drama. Summarize key ideas for the theme of a drama. 		
 4.RL.3 Describe in depth character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or action). Knowledge Targets: Identify the character, setting, and/or events in a story. (Underpinning) I can identify the characters, setting, and/or events in a story. Identify specific details about characters, settings and 	character actions character thoughts character traits setting (time, place, weather) plot/events (beginning, middle, end) mythology	Oct-Nov

events. (Underpinning)			
I can identify specific details about characters, settings		evidence	
and events			
Reasoning Targets:			
Describe a character's actions based on evidence in the text.			
<i>I can</i> describe a character's actions based on evidence in the text.			
Describe a character's thoughts based on evidence in the text.			
<i>I can</i> describe a character's thoughts based on evidence in the text.			
Describe the setting based on evidence in the text.			
<i>I can</i> describe the setting based on evidence in the text.			
Describe events based on evidence in the text.			
<i>I can</i> describe a events based on evidence in the text.			
4.RL.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases	Students will continue to tell the meaning of		
as they are used in a text, including those that	words and phrases in a text and focus		
allude to significant characters found in mythology	specifically on mythological characters. Students must tell the differences between		
(e.g., Herculean).	poems, drama, and prose using structural		
(e.g., herculeall).	elements to create an oral or written response		
	to a text. Students will find the similarities and differences in the narration between a story		
Knowledge Targets:	written in first person and a story written in		
Recognize words and phrases in a text that allude to significant characters found in mythology.	third person point of view.		
I can recognize words and phrases in a text that allude to	Use questions and prompts such as:		
significant characters found in mythology.	What do you do when you come to		
Know significant Greek characters and their defining	words or phrases you do not know? (use context)		
characteristics.	 Can you tell me what is different 		
I can identify well-known Greek characters and their	about these kinds of texts? What is		
defining character traits.	the same?		
Decencying Terreter	 Think about what you read. Who is telling the story? 		
Reasoning Targets:	Think about what you read. Do you		
		1	Daga (af 55

 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text. (Underpinning) <i>I can determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text.</i> Determine the meaning of words and phrases that allude to significant characters found in mythology as they are used in a text. <i>I can determine the meaning of words and phrases related to well-known Greek characters found in mythology as they are used in a text.</i> 	agree with the way the characters are thinking in this story? Do you agree with the way the narrator is thinking in this story? How is your thinking the same or different?		
4.RL.5 Explain major differences between poems, drama, and prose, and refer to the structural		prose chronology	Aug- Sept
elements of poems (e.g., verses, rhythm, meter) and drama (e.g., casts of characters, settings,		simile	
descriptions, dialogue, stage directions) when		metaphor	
writing or speaking about a text.)		adage	
Knowledge Targets:		proverb	
Explain major differences between poems, drama, and prose.		idiom	
I can explain the differences between poems, drama, and prose.		synonym	
□ Refer to the structural elements (e.g. verse, rhyme, meter)		antonym	
when speaking or writing about text. I can identify the structural elements of poems (verse,		paraphrase	
 rhyme and meter). Refer to the structural elements of drama (e.g., cast of characters settings, descriptions, dialogue, stage directions when speaking or writing about text. 		diverse	
I can identify the structural elements of drama (e.g., cast of characters, settings, descriptions, dialogue, stage directions) when speaking or writing about text.			
descriptions, dialogue) when speaking or writing about text.			Page 7 of 55

I can tell the structural elements of prose (e.g., characters, settings, descriptions, dialogue.			
4.RL.6 Compare and contrast the point of view from which different stories are narrated, including the difference between first- and third-person narrations.		Ma	ar-Apr
 Knowledge Targets: Define vocabulary Define compare, contrast. (Underpinning) <i>I can define compare and contrast.</i> Define point of view. (Underpinning) <i>I can define point of view.</i> Define first and third narrations. <i>I can define first and third narrations.</i> Recognize first and third narrations. <i>I can identify first and third narrations.</i> I dentify point of view (including first and third person narrations) in a variety of stories. 			
 Reasoning Targets: Compare the points of view from which different stories are narrated, including 1st and 3rd narrations. <i>I can compare the points of view from which different stories are narrated (1st and 3rd narrations).</i> Contrast the points of view from which different stories are narrated, including 1st and 3rd narrations. <i>I can contrast the points of view from which different stories are narrated (1st and 3rd narrations.</i> 			
4.RL.7 Make connections between the text of a story or drama and a visual or oral presentation of	Students at this level must link the reading of the text in a story to listening or viewing the same story. They will make connections by	Ma	ar-Apr

 orally. Identify descriptions in a drama in text, visually or orally. <i>I can identify descriptions in a drama or text, visually and orally.</i> Recognize stage directions in a story/drama both in text and a visual/oral presentation. <i>I can recognize stage directions in a story/drama in text and a visual/oral presentation.</i> Reasoning Targets: 	 is the same? What happened that is different? How did characters solve problems in different ways across texts? How are the plots the same or different across texts? 	
 Connect the text of a story or drama to the text of a visual or oral presentation recognizing the descriptions and direction in each version. <i>I can connect text of a story or drama to the text of a visual or oral presentation recognizing the descriptions of each version.</i> 		
4.RL.9 Compare and contrast the treatment of similar themes and topics (e.g., opposition of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g., the quest) in stories, myths, and traditional literature from different cultures.	January February	Jan-Feb
Knowledge Targets:		

□ Identify specific details that describe themes in stories,
myths or traditional literature from different cultures.
<i>I can</i> identify specific details that describe themes in a
story, myths and traditional literature from different
cultures.
Identify specific details that describe topics in stories,
myths or traditional literature from different cultures.
I can identify specific details that describe topics in a
story, myth and traditional literature from different
cultures.
Identify specific details that describe patterns of events in
stories, myths or traditional literature from different
cultures.
I can identify specific details that describe patterns of
events in stories, myths and traditional literature from
different cultures.
\Box Identify similarities of two or more themes in stories, myths,
or traditional literature from different cultures.
I can identify similarities of two or more themes in
stories, myths and traditional literature from different
cultures.
□ Identify similarities of two or more topics in stories, myths,
or traditional literature from different cultures.
I can identify similarities of two or more topics in stories,
myths and traditional literature from different cultures.
Identify similarities of two or more patterns of events in
stories, myths, or traditional literature from different
cultures.
I can identify similarities of two or more patterns of
events in stories, myths and traditional literature from
different cultures.
□ Identify differences of two or more themes in stories,
myths, or traditional literature from different cultures.
I can identify differences of two or more themes in
stories, myths and traditional literature from different
cultures.

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□ Identify differences of two or more topics in stories, myths,		
or traditional literature from different cultures.		
I can identify differences of two or more topics in stories,		
myths and traditional literature from different cultures.		
□ Identify differences of two or more patterns of events in		
stories, myths, or traditional literature from different		
cultures.		
I can identify differences of two or more patterns of		
events in stories, myths and traditional literature from		
different cultures.		
□ Identify key features for comparing and contrasting themes		
in stories, myths, or traditional literature from different		
cultures.		
I can identify key features for comparing and contrasting		
themes in stories, myths and traditional literature from		
different cultures.		
□ Identify key features for comparing and contrasting topics		
in stories, myths, or traditional literature from different		
cultures.		
I can identify key features for comparing and contrasting		
topics in stories, myths and traditional literature.		
Identify key features for comparing and contrasting		
patterns of events in stories, myths, or traditional literature		
from different cultures.		
I can identify key features for comparing and contrasting		
patterns of events in stories, myths and traditional		
literature from different cultures.		
Reasoning Targets:		
□ Compare/contrast two or more themes in stories, myths, or		
traditional literature from different cultures.		
I can compare/contrast two or more themes in stories,		
myths or traditional literature from different cultures.		
Compare/contrast two or more topics in stories, myths, or		
traditional literature from different cultures.		
I can compare/contrast two or more topics (using stories,		
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4.RL.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry in grades 4-5 text complexity band and proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. Fourth grade students are capable of reading and understanding a variety of literature in grades 4-5 with assistance provided at the higher end. On- going Knowledge Targets: Identify key ideas and details in literary texts at appropriate complexity. The Reading standards place equal emphasis on the sophistication of what students read and the skill with which they students reading standards place equal emphasis on the sophistication of what students read and the skill with which they students read and theskill with which they students read students must also	 myths or literature from different cultures). Compare/contrast two or more patterns of events in stories, myths, or traditional literature from different cultures. I can compare/contrast two or more patterns of events in stories, mythos or traditional literature from different cultures. 		
	 comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry in grades 4-5 text complexity band and proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. Knowledge Targets: Identify key ideas and details in literary texts at appropriate complexity. <i>I can identify in literary text key ideas and details.</i> Identify craft and structure in literary texts at appropriate complexity. <i>I can identify different forms of writing based on structure.</i> Identify integration of knowledge and ideas in literary text at appropriate complexity. <i>I can identify how the author includes knowledge and ideas in their writing.</i> Reasoning Targets: Comprehend key ideas and details in literary text at appropriate complexity. <i>I can understand in literary text key ideas and details.</i> Comprehend craft and structure in literary text at appropriate complexity. 	and understanding a variety of literature in grades 4-5 with assistance provided at the higher end. "The Reading standards place equal emphasis on the sophistication of what students read and the skill with which they read. Standard 10 defines a grade-by-grade "staircase" of increasing text complexity that rises from beginning reading to the college and career readiness level. Whatever they are reading, students must also show a steadily growing ability to discern more from and make fuller use of text including making an increasing number of connections among ideas and between texts, considering a wider range of textual evidence, and becoming more sensitive to inconsistencies, ambiguities, and poor reasoning in texts." "Students also acquire the habits of reading independently and closely, which are essential to their future success." Students should encounter appropriately complex texts at each grade level in order to develop the mature language skills and the conceptual knowledge needed for success in school and life. Effective scaffolding should allow the reader to encounter the text with minimal clarifications. It should not replace the	

 Comprehend integration of knowledge and ideas at appropriate complexity. <i>I can understand how the author includes knowledge and ideas in their writing.</i> 		
 4.RI.1 Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. Knowledge Targets: Explain the difference between explicit and inferred information in a text. I can explain the difference between inferred and explicit information in a text. I dentify details and examples when explaining what the text says explicitly. I can identify details and examples when explaining what the text says. I dentify details and examples when drawing inferences from the text. I can identify details and examples when drawing inferences from the text. I can identify details and examples when drawing inferences from the text. I can identify details and examples when making inferences.	 Fourth grade students are required to refer to specific examples when explaining the text and drawing conclusions. Students must identify the main idea and find the most important details that strengthen the main idea. They must also explain the text in their own words. At this level, students tell how or why historical events, scientific ideas or "how to" procedures happened and use the text to support their answers. Use questions and prompts such as: What is the main idea of this text? How do you know? What are the important ideas in this text? Show where you found them in the text. Summarize the text from beginning to end in a few sentences. Which step comes first? After that? What happened first? What happened after that? Can you tell me how these ideas are the same? Can you tell me how they are different? 	Nov- Dec
 I can explain what the text says using details and examples. □ Explain what the text says using details and examples when drawing inferences. I can explain what the text explicitly says using details when making inferences. 	Tell how they are connected.	
4.RI.2 Determine the main idea of a text and		Jan- Feb

explained how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.	
 Knowledge Targets: Explain how the supporting details determine the main idea of a text. I can explain how the supporting details determine the main idea. I can determine the main idea of a text. Summarize text. (Underpinning) I can summarize text. 	
Reasoning Targets: Summarize the text using key details. <i>I can summarize the text using key details that support</i> <i>the main idea.</i>	
4.RI.3 Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text.	Oct- Nov
 Knowledge Targets: Identify events in an informational text. (Underpinning) <i>I can identify events in an informational text.</i> Identify procedures in an informational text. (Underpinning) <i>I can identify procedures in an informational text.</i> Identify ideas in an informational text. (Underpinning) <i>I can identify ideas in an informational text.</i> Identify concepts in an informational text. (Underpinning) <i>I can identify concepts in an informational text.</i> 	
Reasoning Targets:	

<i>I can explain why the events, procedures, ideas, or</i> <i>concepts ccurred in an informational text.</i> Use specific information in the text to support explanation.		
<i>I can use specific information in the text to support explanation.</i>		
explanation.		
4.RI.4 Determine the meaning of general academic	Fourth grade students continue to find the	On-
	meanings of general vocabulary words	going
and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 4 topic or subject area.	specific to fourth grade topics or subjects. Students must explain how the events, ideas,	909
 Knowledge Targets: Identify general academic words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 4 topic or subject area. <i>I can identify general academic words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 4 topic or subject area.</i> I dentify domain-specific words and phrases in a text 	or concepts fit into the overall structure of a text. At this level, students are required to find the similarities and differences in perspectives (first and second hand) about the same event or subject. They will give descriptions about how the information is presented for each perspective. Use questions and prompts such as:	
relevant to a grade 4 topic or subject area.	What do you do when you come to	
I can identify domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 4 topic of	words you do not know? (glossary, use context)	
subject area.	 What features in the text help you find important information about what you are reading? 	
 Reasoning Targets: Determine the meaning of general academic words and phrases in a text relevant to grade 4 topic or subject area. <i>I can determine the meaning of general academic words and phrases in a grade 4 topic or subject area.</i> Determine the meaning of domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to grade 4 topic or subject area. <i>I can determine domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to grade 4 topic or subject area.</i> <i>I can determine domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to grade 4 topic or subject area.</i> 	 How is the information presented/organized in this text? What does the author want the reader to understand about this text? What is the author emphasizing mostly in the firsthand account? What is the author emphasizing in the secondhand account? Is the information provided by the author the same or different? 	
4.RI.5 Describe the overall structure (e.g.,		Aug-
chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or		Sept

information in a text or part of a text.	
Knowledge Targets:	
□ Determine the overall structure of a text (chronology).	
I can identify the overall structure of a text (chronology).	
□ Determine the overall structure of a text (comparison).	
I can identify the overall structure of a text (comparison).	
□ Determine the overall structure of a text (cause/effect).	
I can identify the overall structure of a text (cause/effect).	
□ Determine the overall structure of a text (problem/solution).	
I can identify the overall structure of a text	
(problem/solution).	
□ Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology,	
comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events in a	
text or part of a text.	
I can describe the overall structure of events in a text or	
part of a text. (Structure means, chronology, comparison,	
<i>cause/effect, problem/solution).</i>	
Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of ideas in a	
text or part of a text.	
I can describe the overall structure of ideas in a text or	
part of a text. (Structure means, chronology, comparison,	
cause/effect, problem/solution).	
\Box Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology,	
comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of concepts in	
a text or part of a text.	
I can describe the overall structure of concepts in a text	
or part of a text. (Structure means, chronology,	
comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution).	
Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology,	
comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of information	
in a text or part of a text.	
I can describe the overall structure of information in a	
text or part of a text. (Structure means, chronology,	
comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution).	

4.RI.6 Compare and Contrast a firsthand and secondhand account of the same event or topic; describe the differences in focus and the information provided.		Mar-Apr
 Knowledge Targets: Define compare. I can define critical vocabulary such as : "compare, contrast, firsthand account" Describe the events or main ideas of each account. (Underpinning) I can describe the events or main idea of a text. Reasoning Targets: Compare the accounts of the event or topic. I can compare the first or second hand counts of an event. Contrast the accounts of the event or topic. I can contrast the first or second hand counts of an event. Describe how the focus and information provided is different in each account. 		
3.RI.7 Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears. Knowledge Targets: Define interpret. (Underpinning)	Fourth grade students must understand what is heard, viewed, or presented through various media formats to help make meaning of the text. Students give an explanation about how an author uses proof to support a point in the text. At this level, students will combine information from two texts about the same subject in a written or oral response that demonstrates knowledge of the subject. Use questions and prompts such as:	Mar- Apr

 I can define "interpret" Recognize text features of nonfiction. (Underpinning) I can recognize non-fiction text features. I can read a chart. Read diagram. Read timelines. Recognize interactive Web elements. I can read graphs, charts, diagrams and timelines and interactive Web elements. I can read graphs, charts, diagrams and timelines and interactive Web elements. Reasoning Targets: Explain information from charts. Explain information from diagrams. Explain information from graphs. Explain information from animations. Explain information from animations. Explain information from interactive elements. I can explain information from charts, diagraphs, graphs, timelines, animations or interactive elements. I can interpret information that is presented visually (such as text or on the internet). Interpret information that is presented out loud in a text or on the Web. I can interpret information that is presented quantitatively in text or in the Web. I can interpret information that is presented quantitatively in text or in the Web. I can interpret information that is presented out loud in a text or on the Web. I can interpret information that is presented quantitatively in text or in the Web. I can interpret information that is presented quantitatively in text or in the Web. I can interpret information presented visually adds to a better understanding of the text or on the Web. I can explain how information presented orally adds to a better 	7		
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 understanding of the text or on the Web. <i>I can explain how information presented out loud helps</i> <i>me to understand the text I am reading.</i> □ Explain how information presented quantitatively adds to a better understanding of the text or on the Web. <i>I can explain how information presented quantitatively</i> <i>helps me to understand the text I am reading.</i> 	
4.RI.8 Explain how an author uses reasons and	Mar-Ap
evidence to support particular points in a text.	
 Knowledge Targets: Recognize differences between fact and opinion. <i>I can identify the differences between a fact and opinion.</i> Define evidence. <i>I can define "evidence."</i> Define reason. <i>I can define "reason."</i> Identify the author's reasons and evidence <i>I can identify the author's reasons and evidence.</i> Reasoning Targets: Explain how an author uses reasons to support particular points in a text. <i>I can explain how an author uses reasons to support particular points in a text.</i> <i>I can explain how an author uses evidence to support particular points in a text.</i> 	
particular points in a text.	
3.RI.9 Integrate information from two texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgably.	Jan-Fe

 Knowledge Targets: Identify information within two texts on the same topic. <i>I can identify information within two texts on the same topic.</i> Reasoning Targets: Integrate information from two texts on same topic. <i>I can integrate information from two texts on the same topic.</i> 		
 3.RI.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 4-5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. Knowledge Targets: Identify key ideas and details in an informational text. I can identify key ideas and details in an informational text. I dentify craft and structure in an informational text. I can identify craft and structure in an informational text. I can identify integration of knowledge and ideas in an informational text. 	Students are required to read and understand a wide range of informational texts within the fourth to fifth grade text level efficiently, with assistance as needed at the higher end, by the end of the year. "The Reading standards place equal emphasis on the sophistication of what students read and the skill with which they read. Standard 10 defines a grade-by-grade "staircase" of increasing text complexity that rises from beginning reading to the college and career readiness level. Whatever they are reading, students must also show a steadily growing ability to discern more from and make fuller use of text including making an increasing number of connections among ideas and between texts, considering a wider range of textual evidence, and becoming more sensitive to inconsistencies, ambiguities, and poor reasoning in texts."	On- going
 Reasoning Targets: Comprehend independently key ideas and details in an informational text. <i>I can</i> comprehend independently key ideas and details in an informational text. Comprehend independently craft and structure in an informational text. 	"Students also acquire the habits of reading independently and closely, which are essential to their future success." Students should encounter appropriately complex texts at each grade level in order to develop the mature language skills and the conceptual knowledge needed for success in school and life. Effective scaffolding should	

 I can comprehend independently craft and structure in an informational text. Comprehend independently integration of knowledge and ideas in an informational text. I can comprehend independently integration of knowledge and ideas in an informational text. 	allow the reader to encounter the text with minimal clarifications. It should not replace the text by translating its contents for students.	
 3.FS.3 Know and apply grade level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. a. Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context. Knowledge Targets: Know grade level-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. <i>I can decode words by using grade level phonics and word analysis</i>. I dentify syllabication patterns. I dentify syllabication patterns. I dentify root words. Explain meanings of prefixes and suffixes. <i>I can accurately read the Latin root of words</i>. Performance Skill Targets: Read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context. 	Students continue learning specific strategies for decoding words in texts. They are required to apply the specific strategies for decoding and spelling multi-syllabic words. Use questions and prompts such as: • Does that sound right? • Does that look right? • Does that make sense? • Look at the word, does it look like? • You saiddoes it look like?	On- going

 3. FS.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding. b. Read on-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. 	 Fluency helps the reader process language for meaning and enjoyment. Fluent readers are able to focus attention on the meaning of the text. Readers at this stage reread texts as needed to support understanding. Use questions and prompts such as: Make your reading sound like the characters are talking. Go back and reread when it doesn't sound or look like you think it should. 	On- Going
 Knowledge Targets: To support comprehension, identify the purpose and understanding of text. <i>I can</i> identify the purpose of the text to help me understand what I am reading. To support comprehension, identify oral reading with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. <i>I can identify oral reading with accuracy, appropriate rate and expression</i> To support comprehension, identify rereading, when necessary, as a strategy when confirming or self-correcting words in text. (Underpinning) <i>I can identify rereading as a strategy to confirm or self correct words.</i> To support comprehension, understand how context can help to confirm or self correct word recognition. <i>I can identify that comprehension is a strategy to confirm or self correct words.</i> 		
Reasoning Targets:		

 To support comprehension, determine the purpose for reading on-level text. <i>I can explain the purpose for reading on my level.</i> Performance Skill Targets: To support comprehension, read on-level text fluently and accurately. <i>I can fluently and accurately read on text level.</i>. To support comprehension, reread with fluency as necessary. <i>I can fluently reread to help me understand what I am reading.</i>. Read with accuracy. Read with appropriate rate. Read with expression on successive readings. <i>I can read accurately, fluently and with expression.</i> 		
 4.W.1 Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information. a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose. b. Provide reasons that are supported by facts and details. c. Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition). d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented. 	Fourth grade students should write opinion pieces that clearly state their preferences and supply the reasoning for their thinking. In doing so, students need to understand how their reasoning supports their opinion, search and find facts to support their viewpoint, and share this thinking. Students also build their argument by linking their ideas together. At this level, students are using a variety of sentence structures and more complex sentences. They are developing the use of more complex linking phrases like (for instance, in order to, in addition). Students need to engage in behaviors (turn and talk, small group discussion, and numerous writing and speaking activities) that lead to the expression of ideas both verbally and in writing. Students will also need a purposeful focus on choice-making throughout	
Knowledge Targets:	ELA. For example, fourth grade students need to be able to choose precise vocabulary in their	Page 23 of 55

Decompize facts and datails	writing that clarifies their thinking about a	I]
Recognize facts and details.	topic.		
I can identify facts and details. UNDERPINNING			
Explain organizational structures.	Fourth grade students are required to include		
I can tell about organizational structures. UNDERPINNING	both an introduction and a concluding		
Explain use of linking words and phrases. Explain purpose	statement or section in their writing. Students		
of concluding statement or section.	need to use strategies for introducing concepts (such as beginning with a fact,		
I can explain linking words and phrases. I can explain	dialogue, or question about the topic) and		
the purpose of concluding statement or section.	concluding their thoughts (using summary		
Explain writer's purpose.	statements) when writing. They are learning		
I can explain writer's purpose.	to further organize their writing by developing		
Explain point of view.	the use of text features (headings, sections,		
I can explain point of view.	illustrations, and multimedia). Students also write with complex sentences to link the parts		
	of their writing together.		
Reasoning Targets:			
Determine how to introduce the topic or text clearly.	Fourth grade students write informative/		
I can decide how to introduce the topic clearly.	explanatory pieces. They must be able to find		
Formulate an opinion.	and group information together in a logical way. In order to do so, students need		
I can formulate an opinion.	strategies for researching a topic (gathering		
Organize by grouping related ideas to support the writer's	data), selecting relevant information (note		
purpose.	taking), grouping like ideas, and developing a		
I can organize my ideas by grouping similar items	way to present the ideas from beginning to		
together to support my purpose.	end (format and organization of written presentation).		
□ Provide reasons that are supported with facts and details.	presentation).		
I can provide reasons with facts and details.	Fourth grade students write real and		
□ Link opinions and reasons using words and phrases (e.g.,	imaginative stories and students are expected		
for instance, in order, in addition).	to use description to show characters"		
I can link opinions by using words and phrases (for	thoughts and feelings as well as the details of		
instance, in order, in addition, etc).	characters" interactions through dialogue. As students develop characters and use		
Provide a conclusion related to the opinion presented.	dialogue, they will need to understand how to		
I can provide a conclusion related to the opinion.	introduce characters and how to engage		
	characters in conversation in their writing.		
Product Targets:			
□ Create an opinion piece on topics or texts, supporting it			
with reasons and information. Product should include:			
clear introduction of topic or text, statement of opinion,			
strong organizational structure in which related ideas are			
			Page 24 of 55

grouped to support the writer's purpose, reasons that are supported by facts and details, links between opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition), a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented. <i>I can create an opinion piece that is supported with</i>	
<i>reasons and information.</i> Product should include: clear introduction of topic or text, statement of opinion, strong organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose, reasons that are supported by facts and details, links between opinion and	
reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition), a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.	
4.W.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.	
a. Introduce a topic clearly and group related information paragraphs and sections; including formatting (e.g., headings), illustration, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.	
 b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic. 	
c. Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for example, also, because).	
d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.	
e. Provide a concluding statement or section	

related to the information or explanation
presented.
Knowledge Targets:
Identify a topic that is clear. (Underpinning)
I can identify a topic that is clear.
Identify related-information grouped together in paragraphs
and sections that contain formatting when useful in aiding
comprehension.
Identify related-information grouped together in paragraphs
and sections that contain illustrations when useful in aiding comprehension.
I can identify related information grouped in paragraphs
and illustrations that help another understand my work.
Identify related-information grouped together in paragraphs
and sections that contain multimedia when useful in aiding
comprehension.
I can identify related information that is grouped in
paragraphs and contains multimedia to help others
understand my writing.
Identify a topic developed with facts. I can identify a topic developed with facts.
□ Identify a topic developed with definitions.
I can identify a topic developed with definitions.
□ Identify a topic developed with concrete details.
I can identify a topic developed with concrete details.
Identify a topic developed with quotations.
I can identify a topic with quotations.
□ Identify a topic developed with other information.
I can identify a topic developed with other information
Identify a topic developed with examples related to the topic
topic. I can identify a topic developed with examples.
□ Identify linked ideas within categories of information using
words and phrases.

I can identify linked ideas using words and phrases.	
□ Identify precise language and domain-specific vocabulary	
to inform about or explain the topic.	
I can identify precise language and vocabulary to explain	
the topic.	
□ Identify a concluding statement or section related to the	
information or explanation presented.	
I can identify a concluding statement	
Reasoning Targets:	
Develop a topic that is clearly introduced.	
I can develop a topic.	
Develop related-information grouped in paragraphs and	
sections that contain formatting when useful in aiding	
comprehension	
I can develop related information grouped in paragraphs.	
Develop related-information grouped in paragraphs and	
sections that contain illustrations when useful in aiding	
comprehension.	
I can develop related information grouped in paragraphs	
that have illustrations to help others understand my	
writing.	
Develop related-information grouped in paragraphs and	
sections that contain multimedia when useful in aiding	
comprehension.	
I can develop related information grouped in paragraphs	
that contain multimedia to help others understand my	
writing.	
Develop a topic developed with facts.	
I can develop a topic by using facts.	
Develop a topic developed with definitions.	
I can develop a topic by using definitions.	
Develop a topic developed with concrete details.	
I can develop a topic with concrete details.	
Develop a topic developed with quotations.	
I can develop a topic with quotations.	

Develop a topic developed with other information.	
I can develop a topic with other information.	
Develop a topic developed with examples related to the	
topic.	
I can develop a topic with examples relating to the topic.	
Develop linked ideas within categories of information using	
words and phrase.	
I can develop linked ideas with categories of information	
by using words & phrases.	
Develop precise language and domain-specific vocabulary	
to inform about or explain the topic.	
I can develop precise language and vocabulary to explain	
my topic.	
Develop a concluding statement or section related to the	
information or explanation presented.	
I can develop a concluding statement.	
rean acverop a concluding statement.	
Product Targets:	
□ Write informative/explanatory texts that includes: a topic	
that is clearly introduced, related-information grouped in	
paragraphs and sections that contain formatting (e.g.,	
headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension; a topic developed with facts,	
definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other	
information and examples related to the topic; linked ideas	
within categories of information using words and phrases	
(e.g., another, for example, also, because); precise	
language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about	
or explain the topic; and a concluding statement or section	
related to the information or explanation presented.	
I can write informative/explanatory texts that includes: a	
topic that is clearly introduced, related-information	
grouped in paragraphs and sections that contain	
formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia	
when useful to aiding comprehension; a topic developed	
with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or	

other information and examples related to the topic; linked ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for example, also, because); precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic; and a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.	
4.W.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined	
experiences or events using effective technique,	
descriptive details, and clear event sequences.	
a. Orient the reader b establishing a situation	
and introducing a narrator and/or characters;	
organize an event sequence that unfolds	
naturally.	
b. Use dialogue and description to develop	
experiences and events or show the	
responses of characters to situations.	
 c. Use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events. 	
d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory	
details to convey experiences and events	
precisely.	
e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the	
narrated experiences or events.	
Knowledge Targets:	
Identify the story elements. (Underpinning) <i>I can identify the story elements.</i>	
□ Identify the structure of a narrative.	
I can identify the structure of a narrative.	
Identify the use of dialogue and description to develop	
experiences, events or characters.	

I can identify the use of dialogue to develop experiences,	
events or characters.	
Recognize transitional words use to develop sequence.	
I can identify transitional words.	
Describe how writers use concrete and sensory details.	
I can tell how writers use concrete and sensory details.	
Reasoning Targets:	
Establish a situation, a narrator and/or characters.	
I can establish a situation, narrator and/or characters.	
□ Sequence events logically using transitional words to move	
the events along.	
I can sequence events logically using transitional words.	
□ Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and	
events.	
I can use dialogue to develop experiences and events.	
□ Use concrete and/or sensory details to develop	
experiences or events.	
I can use concrete/sensory details to develop	
experiences.	
Establish conclusions aligned with sequence of events.	
I can establish conclusions aligned with a sequence of	
events.	
events.	
Product Targets:	
□ Write a narrative to develop real or imagined experiences	
that establishes a situation, a narrator or character(s),	
uses dialogue, descriptions, concrete and sensory details	
to develop experiences, events and reveal characters,	
uses transitional words and phrases, provides a	
conclusion.	
I can write a narrative to develop real or imagined	
experiences that establishes a situation, a narrator or	
character(s), uses dialogue, descriptions, concrete and	
sensory details to develop experiences, events and reveal	
characters, uses transitional words and phrases,	
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 4.W.4 Produce clear and cohesive writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. Knowledge Targets: The underpinning knowledge targets are found in Writing Standards 1,2 3,7,8,9 and Language Standards 1-6) Reasoning Targets: Analyze the reason for writing a piece to decide on task. I can analyze the reason for writing a piece to decide on task. I can analyze the reason for writing a piece to decide on task. I can analyze the reason for writing a piece to decide on purpose. I can analyze the reason for writing a piece to decide on audience. I can analyze the reason for writing a piece to decide on audience. I can analyze the reason for writing a piece to decide on audience. I can analyze the reason for writing a piece to decide on audience. I can analyze the reason for writing a piece to decide on audience. I can analyze the reason for writing a piece to decide on audience. I can analyze the reason for writing a piece to decide on audience. I can determine suitable idea development strategies appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. I can determine suitable organization appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. I can determine suitable organization. Additional underpinning reasoning targets are found in Writing Standards 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9) Performance Skill Targets: (The underpinning skill targets are found in Writing Standards 5, 6, 7, 10). 	Fourth grade students are expected to produce writing that is clear and understandable to the reader. Task (type of writing assignment) and purpose (the writer's designated reason for writing) should be reflected in the student's organization and development of a topic. With assistance from adults and peers, students should develop revising and editing skills. In order to do so, students need to understand how to change word choice and sentence structure in their writing to strengthen their piece. They need assistance with planning for writing using graphic organizers (story frames, story mountains, story maps). They also need to develop the ability to recognize spelling, grammar, and punctuation errors and have strategies for correcting these errors with assistance (conferences, check sheets, peer editing). Students in fourth grade are developing strategies with peers and adults to use digital tools. At this grade level, they should not only use technology for producing and publishing writing, but also to collaborate with others. Fourth grade students are required to be proficient in keyboarding skills (typing at least one page in a single setting).	

Product Targets:	
Produce a writing piece that is clear and cohesive with	
idea development and organization appropriate to task,	
purpose, and audience.	
I can create a writing piece that is clear, uses idea	
development and organization to make sense for the	
purpose and the audience.	
Grade-specific expectations and writing types are found in Writing	
Standards 1-3)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4.W.5 With guidance and support from peers and	
adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by	
planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new	
approach. (Editing for conventions should	
demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3	
up to and including grado 1 on pages 28 and 29)	
up to and including grade 4 on pages 28 and 29.)	
Knowledge Targets:	
Knowledge Targets:	
 Knowledge Targets: With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to plan. 	
Knowledge Targets:	
 Knowledge Targets: With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to plan. <i>I can recognize how to plan for writing with help from others</i>. 	
 Knowledge Targets: With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to plan. <i>I can recognize how to plan for writing with help from others</i>. With guidance and support from peers and adults, 	
 Knowledge Targets: With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to plan. <i>I can recognize how to plan for writing with help from others</i>. 	
 Knowledge Targets: With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to plan. <i>I can recognize how to plan for writing with help from others</i>. With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to revise. 	
 Knowledge Targets: With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to plan. <i>I can recognize how to plan for writing with help from others</i>. With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to revise. <i>I can recognize how to revise my writing with help from</i> 	
 Knowledge Targets: With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to plan. <i>I can recognize how to plan for writing with help from others</i>. With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to revise. <i>I can recognize how to revise my writing with help from others</i>. 	
 Knowledge Targets: With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to plan. <i>I can recognize how to plan for writing with help from others</i>. With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to revise. <i>I can recognize how to revise my writing with help from others</i>. With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to revise my writing with help from others. With guidance and support from peers and adults, 	
 With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to plan. <i>I can recognize how to plan for writing with help from others</i>. With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to revise. <i>I can recognize how to revise my writing with help from others</i>. With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to evise. <i>I can recognize how to revise my writing with help from others</i>. With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to edit. 	
 Knowledge Targets: With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to plan. <i>I can recognize how to plan for writing with help from others</i>. With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to revise. <i>I can recognize how to revise my writing with help from others</i>. With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to revise my writing with help from others. With guidance and support from peers and adults, students recognize how to edit. 	

- 1	
I can recognize how to rewrite my writing with help from	
others .	
With guidance and support from peers and adults,	
students recognize how to try a new approach.	
I can recognize how to try a new approach with my	
writing with help from others .	
Know how to edit for conventions of Writing demonstrating	
(see Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 4.)	
I can identify editing and conventions.	
Reasoning Targets:	
□ With guidance and support from peers and adults,	
students develop and strength writing by planning.	
I can develop and strengthen my writing plan with help	
from others.	
□ With guidance and support from peers and adults,	
students develop and strength writing by revising.	
I can revise and strengthen my writing with help from	
others.	
□ With guidance and support from peers and adults,	
students develop and strength writing by editing.	
I can edit and strengthen my writing with help from	
others.	
With guidance and support from peers and adults,	
students develop and strength writing by rewriting.	
I can rewrite and strengthen my writing with help from	
others.	
With guidance and support from peers and adults,	
students develop and strength writing by trying a new	
approach.	
<i>I can</i> try a new approach to strengthen my writing with	
help from others.	
•	
4.W.6 With some guidance and support from adults,	
use technology, including the Internet, to produce	

and publish writing as well as to interact and	T	
	ļ	
collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient		
command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum		
of one page in a single setting.		
	ļ	
Knowlodgo Targote:		
Knowledge Targets:		
With some guidance and support use keyboard skills.		
I can use keyboard skills with help.		
With some guidance and support know how to use word		
processing to produce and publish writing.		
I can publish my work by using word processing with		
help from others.		
With some guidance and support know how to use the		
Internet to communicate with others.		
I can use the internet to communicate with others with		
assistance.		
Reasoning Targets:		
With some guidance and support evaluate the appropriate		
technology tools for producing and publishing writing.		
I can evaluate the appropriate technology tools for		
publishing my writing with help from others.		
□ With some guidance and support evaluate the appropriate		
technology tools for collaborating with others.		
I can use technology to collaborate with others with		
assistance.		
Performance Skill Targets:		
☐ With some guidance and support use technology, including		
the internet, to develop, revise, edit and publish writing.		
<i>I can</i> use technology to develop, revise and edit and		
publish my writing with assistance from others.		
With some guidance and support use technology to communicate and collaborate with others.		
I can communicate and collaborate with others using	L	

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 technology with assistance. With some guidance and support use technology to use keyboard skills to type one page or more in a single setting. I can use keyboarding skills to type one page or more in one setting with assistance. 		
 4.W.7 Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. Knowledge Targets: Conduct short research projects. Reasoning Targets: Conduct short research projects that investigate different aspects of a topic. <i>I can</i> conduct short research projects that look at different aspects of a topic. <i>I can</i> conduct short research projects that look at different aspects of a topic. 	Fourth grade students are required to research a topic through investigation. Investigation includes exploring a topic in greater detail by developing a research question that helps bring focus to the topic. Students learn how to locate information from print and digital sources as well as integrate information from their own experiences. They take notes and organize their information into categories and list the sources they used. Fourth grade students use strategies for reading literary and information text as they investigate topics. When reading literary texts, fourth grade students have to refer to the text when drawing conclusions as well as when answering directly stated questions. The central message or lesson is now referred to as theme (a unifying idea that is a recurrent element in literary or artistic work). Students continue to determine a theme and expand this work to other genres. They are required to refer to the text to describe various story elements. When reading informational texts, fourth grade students must understand what is heard, viewed, or presented through various media formats to help make meaning of the text. Students give an explanation about how an author uses proof to support a point in the text. At this level, students will combine information from two texts about the same subject in a written or oral response that	Page 35 of 55

	demonstrates knowledge of the subject.	
4.W.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources.		
 Knowledge Targets: Identify relevant information in a passage. <i>I can identify the relevant information in a passage.</i> Recall and gather relevant information from experience. <i>I can recall and gather information from an experience.</i> Take notes. <i>I can take notes.</i> Provide source list. <i>I can provide a source list.</i> Gather relevant information from print and digital sources. <i>I can gather relevant information from print and digital sources.</i> Categorize information. Distinguish between relevant and irrelevant information. <i>I can distinguish between relevant and irrelevant information.</i> 		
 Reasoning Targets: Gather relevant information from print and digital sources. <i>I can collect relevant information from print and digital sources.</i> Categorize information. <i>I can categorize information.</i> Distinguish between relevant and irrelevant information. <i>I can distinguish between relevant and irrelevant information.</i> 		

 4.W.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply grade 4 reading standards to literature (e.g., Describe in depth 3) b. Apply grade 4 reading standards to information texts (e.g., Explain how to author use.) 		
 Knowledge Targets: Identify key ideas and details which provide evidence to support conclusions about the text accessed through research. Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly I can use research to identify key ideas and details which support conclusions about a text. I can cite textual evidence to support what a text says. 		
Reasoning Targets: Draw evidence from key ideas and details as support for research. 		
I can gather evidence from key ideas and details in my research.		
Analyze key ideas and details in a text as evidence for support understanding of text.		
I can analyze key ideas and details in a text as evidence in understanding text.		
Reflect on key ideas and details in a text as evidence for support understanding of text.		
I can reflect on key ideas and details in a text as evidence to support my understanding.		
4.W.10 Write routinely over extended time frames	Students are required to produce numerous	
(time for research, reflection, and revision) and	pieces of writing over various time frames to develop skills in research and allow time for	

shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	reflection and revision. Task (type of writing assignment), audience (the intended reader), and purpose (the writer's designated reason for writing) should be reflected in the student's development of a topic related to the content area for which they are writing about.	
 Knowledge Targets: Identify the various purpose for writing. <i>I can identify the purposes for writing.</i> Identify and understand the various organizational structures related to different genres on purposes for writing. <i>I can identify and understand the organizational structures related to different genres.</i> 	area for which they are whiting about.	
 Reasoning Targets: Determine when to write for short or extended time frames for a range of discipline-specific task, purposes, and audiences. I can determine when to write for short or extended time frames for various tasks, purpose and audiences. Determine the appropriate organizational structure needed for specific audiences and purposes. I can determine the appropriate organizational structure needed for a specific audience and purpose. 		
 Performance Skill Targets: Write for various purposes and to various audiences for short or extended time frame for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. I can write for a variety of purposes and to a variety of audiences for short or extended time frames for a specific task. 		
4.SL.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher	Students in grade four will engage in conversations about grade-appropriate topics and texts. In order to do so, students will need	

led) with diverse partners on grade 4 topics and	ample opportunities to take part in a variety of	
texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their	rich, structured conversations. Students	
own clearly.	actively engage as part of a whole class, in small groups, and with a partner, sharing the	
	roles of participant, leader, and observer.	
a. Come to discussions prepared, having read		
or studied required material; explicitly draw	Students at this level should engage in	
on that preparation and other information	collaborative conversations (such as book groups, literature circles, buddy reading), and	
known about the topic to explore ideas under	develop skills in active (close) listening and	
discussion.	group discussion (looking at the speaker, turn	
b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and	taking, linking ideas to the speakers" idea, sharing the floor, etc). Fourth grade students	
carry out assigned roles.	will also paraphrase portions of a text read	
c. Pose and respond to specific questions to	aloud or information presented in multiple	
clarify and follow up on information, and	formats.	
make comments that contribute to the	Fourth grade students should be able to	
discussion and link to the remarks of others.	identify the reasons a speaker provides to	
d. Review the key ideas expressed and explain	support points. This can be done through	
	listening, questioning, and gathering information for a deeper understanding of a	
their own ideas and understanding in light of	topic.	
the discussion.		
Knowledge Targets:		
Identify key ideas from reading material. <i>I can identify key ideas from the material I read.</i>		
□ Identify ways to listen effectively.		
I can identify ways to effectively listen.		
Describe discussion rules and roles.		
I can describe discussion rules and roles.		
Know how to pose questions and provide feedback.		
I can ask questions and provide feedback.		
Identify key ideas presented during discussion.		
I can identify key ideas presented during discussion.		
Reasoning Targets:		
□ Relate information read to discussion topics.		
I can relate information read to discussion topics.		
i can relate information read to discussion topics.		

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Evaluate implementation of discussion rules and roles.	
<i>I can</i> implement discussion rules and roles.	
Formulate questions and responses based on comments	
made by others during discussion.	
I can ask and answer questions based on comments	
made by others during discussion.	
Explain the topic using personal ideas, opinions, and reasoning.	
<i>I can</i> explain the topic using personal ideas, opinions and	
reasoning.	
Think critically about ideas posed.	
<i>I can</i> think critically about ideas posed.	
Justify responses by providing evidence to support	
reasoning.	
I can justify my responses by providing evidence to	
support my reasoning.	
Performance Skill Targets:	
Engage in a variety of discussions by sharing acquired and	
prior knowledge of grade 4 topics and texts.	
I can participate in a variety of discussions by sharing my	
knowledge of 4 th grade topics and texts.	
Listen actively to discussions and presentations.	
I can actively listen to discussions and presentations.	
Follow agreed-upon rules during discussion.	
I can follow agreed upon discussion rules.	
Carry out assigned roles during discussions.	
I can carry out my assigned role during discussion.	
Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify understanding of discussion or presentation.	
I can ask and answer specific questions to clarify my	
understanding of the discussion or presentation.	
Connect comments to the remarks of others.	
I can connect comments to the remarks of others.	
Express ideas clearly.	
<i>I can</i> express my ideas clearly.	
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4.SL.2 Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud for information presented a diverse media and formats,	
including visually, quantitatively and orally.	
Knowledge Targets:	
□ Paraphrase information from a text presented orally from a	
variety of media formats including visual. <i>I can paraphrase information from a text presented orally</i>	
from various formats.	
□ Paraphrase information from a text presented orally from a	
variety of media formats including quantitative.	
<i>I can</i> paraphrase information from a text presented orally	
from various media formats (including quantitative and oral).	
Paraphrase information from a text presented orally from a	
variety of media formats including oral.	
4.SL.3 Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker	
provides to support particular points.	
Knowledge Targets:	
Identify a speaker's points.	
l can identify a speaker's point	
Reasoning Targets:	
□ Identify the reasons and evidence that support the	
speaker's particular points.	
I can identify the reason and evidence that supports a speaker's point.	

4.SL.4 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or	While adept at reporting on a topic or text,	
recount an experience in an organized manner,	telling a story, or recounting an event, fourth	
using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive	graders will focus on doing so in an	
details to support main ideas or themes; speak	organized, logical manner. The aforementioned items should be done orally	
clearly at an understandable pace.	and in coherent, spoken sentences. Fourth	
clearly at all understandable pace.	graders will do so at an appropriate pace.	
Kara lada z Tara (a	Attention to details to support main ideas or themes is important in fourth grade.	
Knowledge Targets:	Students in the fourth grade will combine	
□ Identify a topic.	audio recordings and visual displays, when	
I can identify a topic.	appropriate, to enhance the development of	
Identify a text. I can identify a text.	main ideas or themes.	
□ Identify facts.	Students in the fourth grade should be	
I can identify facts.	exposed to a numerous variety of speaking	
□ Identify descriptive details.	tasks so they will be able to distinguish between formal and informal discourse.	
<i>I can</i> identify descriptive details.	Small-group discussions and formal	
Identify and recall an experience.	presentations would be one example of each	
I can identify and recall an experience.	type of discourse.	
Identify clearly pronounced and enunciated word.		
<i>I can</i> clearly pronounce and enunciate words.		
Identify understandable pace.		
I can identify "understandable pace."		
Reasoning Targets:		
Use a logical sequence of events to tell a story, report on a		
topic or text, or recount an experience.		
I can use a logical sequence of events to tell a story,		
report on a topic or recount an experience.		
Determine appropriate facts that support main ideas or		
themes.		
I can determine appropriate facts that support main ideas		
or themes.		
Determine relevant descriptive details that support main ideas or themes.		
I can determine relevant descriptive details that support		
main ideas or themes.		

Derformence Skill Terreter	
Performance Skill Targets:	
□ Speak clearly at an understandable pace while reporting	
on a topic in an organized manner using appropriate facts.	
I can speak clearly at a understandable pace while	
reporting on a topic.	
Speak clearly at an understandable pace while telling a story	
using appropriate facts.	
I can speak clearly at an understandable pace while	
telling a story.	
□ Speak clearly at an understandable pace while recounting	
an experience using appropriate facts.	
I can speak clearly at an understandable pace while	
recounting and experience.	
□ Speak clearly at an understandable pace while reporting	
on a topic in an organized manner using relevant,	
descriptive details.	
I can speak clearly at an understandable pace while	
reporting on a topic in an organized manner using true	
and detailed descriptions.	
□ Speak clearly at an understandable pace while telling a	
story using relevant, descriptive details.	
I can speak clearly at an understandable pace while	
telling a story.	
□ Speak clearly at an understandable pace while recounting	
an experience using relevant, descriptive details	
I can speak clearly at an understandable pace while	
recounting an experience.	
4.SL.5 Add audio recordings and visual displays to	
presentations when appropriate to enhance the	
development of main ideas or themes.	
Knowledge Tergeter	
Knowledge Targets:	
□ Identify main Idea.	

I can identify main idea.	
□ Identify theme.	
I can identify theme.	
Reasoning Targets:	
Determine when appropriate to enhance main idea or	
theme main idea and theme in audio.	
I can decide when to enhance mail idea in audio.	
Performance Skill Targets:	
□ Add audio recordings to enhance the development of main	
idea or theme in presentations.	
I can add audio recordings to my presentations to	
enhance the main idea.	
Add visual displays to enhance the development of main	
idea or theme in presentations.	
<i>I can</i> add visual displays to my presentations to enhance	
the main idea.	
4.SL.6 Differentiate between contexts that call for	
formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and	
situations where informal discourse is appropriate	
(e.g., small-group discussion); use formal English	
when appropriate to task and situation.(See grade 4	
Language standards for specific expectations.)	
Language standards for specific expectations.	
Knowledge Terreter	
Knowledge Targets:	
□ Identify audience.	
I can identify "audience."	
□ Identify task.	
I can identify "task."	
□ Identify situation.	
<i>I can identify "situation."</i>	
Identify characteristics of formal and informal speaking.	

I can identify characteristics of formal and informal speaking.		
(The underpinning knowledge targets are found in Language Standards 1 and 3).		
 Reasoning Targets: Distinguish between formal and informal speech. <i>I can</i> distinguish between formal and informal speech. Analyze situation to determine appropriate speech use (formal English or informal discourse). <i>I can</i> analyze a situation to determine to use formal or informal speech. 		
 Performance Skill Targets: Speak using formal English when appropriate to task and situation. <i>I can</i> speak using formal English when appropriate. 		
4.L.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and use when writing or speaking.	An understanding of language is essential for effective communication. "The inclusion of Language standards in their own strand should not be taken as an indication that skills	
a. Use relative pronouns (who, whose, whom, which, that) and relative adverbs (where, when, why).	related to conventions, knowledge of language, and vocabulary are unimportant to reading, writing, speaking, listening, and viewing; indeed, they are inseparable from such contexts."	
 b. Form and use the progressive (e.g., I was walking; I am walking; I will be walking) verb tenses. 	Fourth grade student must have a command of the grammar and usage of spoken and written standard English. Standards that are	
 c. Use modal auxiliaries (e.g., can, may, must) to convey various conditions. d. Order adjectives within sentences according 	related to conventions are appropriate to formal spoken English as they are to formal written English.	
to conventional patterns (e.g., a small red bag rather than a red small bag).	At this level, emphasis expands to include relative pronouns and adverbs, progressive verb tenses, prepositional phrases, and more	

e. Form and use prepositional phrases.	complex, complete sentences. With		
f. Produce complete sentences, recognizing and	conventions, students are adept at ending punctuation, comma usage, and appropriate		
correcting inappropriate fragments and run-	use of capitalization. Students at this level are		
ons.	spelling grade level words appropriately and		
g. Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g.,	consulting reference materials for spelling as needed.		
to, too, two, there, their).	materials for spelling as needed.		
to, too, two, there, then).			
Knowledge Targets:			
Identify pronouns.			
I can identify pronouns.			
□ Identify adverbs.			
I can identify adverbs			
Recognize progressive verb tenses.			
I can identify progressive verb tenses.			
Recognize modal auxiliaries/helping verbs.			
l can identify modal auxiliaries/helping verbs			
Identify prepositional phrases.			
l can identify prepositional phrases.			
Recognize fragments.			
l can recognize fragments.			
Recognize run-ons.			
l can recognize run-ons .			
Identify frequently confused words/homophones.			
I can identify frequently confused words/homophones			
Reasoning Targets:			
□ Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard			
English grammar and usage when writing.			
I can use correct conventions & grammar when writing.			
□ Use modal auxiliaries to convey various conditions.			
Order adjectives according to conventional patterns.			
□ Correct inappropriate fragments.			
 Correct inappropriate run-ons in sentences. 			
I can use modal auxilaries, order adjectives, correct			
fragments and run-ons in my writing.			
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 Performance Skill Targets: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when speaking. Use modal auxiliaries to convey various conditions. Correct inappropriate fragments. I can use correct grammar and conventions when speaking. I can use modal auxiliaries and correct fragments when 	
 speaking. 4.L.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. a. Use correct capitalization. b. Use commas and quotation marks to mark direct speech and quotations from a text. c. Use a comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence. d. Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed. 	
 Knowledge Targets: Apply correct capitalization when writing. <i>I can apply correct capitalization when writing</i>. Apply correct punctuation when writing. <i>I can apply correct spelling when writing</i>. Apply correct spelling when writing. <i>I can apply correct spelling when writing</i>. Use commas and quotation marks in dialogue and when quoting from a text. <i>I can use commas and quotation mark</i>. Know many of the coordinating conjunctions (e.g., and but, for, or, nor, so yet) and that they connect two or more 	

 independent clauses (grammatically complete statements, questions or exclamations that could stand alone as full sentences). <i>I can identify conjunctions and that they connect two or more independent clauses.</i> Use comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence. <i>I can use a comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence.</i> Recall and apply spelling rules. <i>I can identify and correct misspelled words.</i> I can identify and correct misspelled words. <i>I can identify procedures for efficiently finding correct spelling.</i> <i>I can identify procedures for efficiently finding correct spelling.</i> <i>I can consult references as needed.</i> 		
 4.L.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading or listening. a. Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely. b. Choose punctuation for effect. c. Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., small-group discussion.) 	Students in grade 4 will use what they know about HOW language works when they write, speak, read, and listen. Students at this level will develop strategies to convey ideas and highlight effect. They will be able to choose between situations calling for informal versus formal English language discourse. In order to do so, students will need strategies for reading across various authors and genres to compare writing styles and effects of language usage.	
 Knowledge Targets: Recognize the conventions of language for writing, speaking, reading, and listening. <i>I can identify the conventions for writing, speaking, reading and listening.</i> Recognize type of punctuation. 		

I can recognize punctuation type.	
Recognize the fundamentals of formal and informal	
English	
I can identify the fundamentals of formal and informal	
•	
English.	
Personing Terreto	
Reasoning Targets:	
Apply knowledge of language when writing.	
I can apply knowledge of language when writing, reading	
and listening.	
Apply knowledge of language when reading.	
Apply knowledge of language when listening.	
□ Apply knowledge of language conventions when writing.	
I can apply knowledge of language conventions when	
writing, reading and listening.	
Apply knowledge of language conventions when reading.	
Apply knowledge of language conventions when listening.	
Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely	
when writing or speaking.	
I can choose words and phrases to convey ideas when	
writing or speaking.	
Choose punctuation for effect.	
I can choose punctuation for effect.	
□ Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English.	
<i>I can</i> differentiate between contexts that call for formal	
English.	
Performance Skill Targets:	
□ Use knowledge of language when speaking.	
<i>I can</i> use knowledge of language when speaking.	
□ Use knowledge of language conventions when speaking.	
<i>I can</i> use knowledge of conventions when speaking.	
Use words and phrase to convey ideas precisely when	
speaking.	
I can use words and phrases to convey ideas precisely	
when speaking.	
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4.L.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown	The overall focus of language learning in		
and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on	regards to vocabulary acquisition is to guide students as they make purposeful language		
grade 4 reading and content choosing flexibly from	choices in writing and speaking in order to		
	communicate effectively in a wide range of		
a range of strategies.	print and digital texts. Students need to		
a. Use context (e.g., definitions, example, or	understand the diversity in standard English		
restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning	and the ways authors use formal and informal voice (dialects, registers) to craft their		
of a word or phrase.	message for specific purposes. Students also		
b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and	need strategies for learning to make these		
Latin affixes and roots as clues to the	kinds of choices for themselves as they write		
meaning of a word (e.g., telegraph,	and speak in different contexts and for		
	different purposes.		
photograph, autograph).	Learning words at this stage includes		
c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries,	exploring the meaning of simple similes,		
glossaries, thesauruses), both print and	metaphors, idioms, adages, and proverbs;		
digital, to find the pronunciation and	demonstrating understanding of relationships between words (synonyms and antonyms);		
determine or clarify the precise meaning of	growing vocabulary by using known word		
key words and phrases.	parts (Greek and Latin affix and root) to		
	acquire unknown words; and developing print		
Knowledge Targets:	and digital reference use (glossary, dictionary, and thesaurus).		
Knowledge Targets:	ucuonary, and mesaulus).		
□ Identify and define Greek and Latin affixes and roots.	"Tier One words are the words of everyday		
I can identify and define Greek and Latin affixes and	speech usually learned in the early grades,		
<i>roots.</i> □ Identify common context clues (e.g., definitions, examples,	albeit not at the same rate by all children."		
restatements) in text.	"General academic vocabulary (Tier 2) words		
<i>I can</i> identify context clues in text.	appear in all sorts of texts; informational,		
Use common reference materials (e.g., thesaurus,	technical texts, and literary texts."		
dictionary, glossary).	"Demoin enerifie vershulen: (Tien 2) words		
<i>I can use reference materials such as thesaurus,</i>	"Domain-specific vocabulary (Tier 3) words are specific to a domain or field of study and		
dictionary, glossary, etc.	key to understanding a new concept within a		
Use a pronunciation guide.	text. Because of their specificity and close		
I know how to use print and digital reference materials (e.g.,	ties to content knowledge, Tier Three words		
dictionaries, glossaries and thesauri) to find pronunciation.	are far more common in informational texts than in literature."		

 Know how to use print and digital reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries and thesauri) to determine the meaning of key words and phrases. <i>I can use references to determine the meaning and pronunciation of words.</i> Reasoning Targets: Determine the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words by examining a text to find clues to the meanings of words (e.g., definitions, examples and restatements in text). <i>I can determine the meaning of unknown multiple meaning words by using clues in a text.</i> 	
 Determine the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words by using common Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meanings of words (e.g., telegraph, photograph, autograph. <i>I can determine the meaning of unknown, multiple meanings words by using Greek and Latin affixes and roots.</i> Choose flexibly from a range of vocabulary strategies to determine or clarify the meaning of an unknown word or phrase. 	
I can use several vocabulary strategies to figure out the meaning of unknown words or phrases.	
 4.L.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Explain the meaning of simple similes and metaphors (e.g., as pretty as a picture) in context. b. Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. 	

c. Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms).		
Knowledge Targets:		
Define simple similes and metaphors.		
I can define simple similes and metaphors		
Define common idioms.		
l can define common idioms.		
Define adages.		
l can define adages.		
Define proverbs.		
I can define proverbs.		
□ I can recognize simple similes in context.		
I can recognize similes in context.		
Recognize metaphors in context.		
I can recognize metaphors in context.		
Recognize idioms in context.		
I can idioms in context.		
Recognize adages in context. <i>I can recognize adages in context.</i>		
Recognize proverbs in context.		
<i>I can recognize proverbs in context.</i>		
□ Identify synonyms and antonyms.		
I can identify synonyms and antonyms.		
roun achary cynonynie and antonynie.		
Reasoning Targets:		
□ Explain the meaning of simple similes and metaphors in		
context.		
I can explain the meaning of similes and metaphors in		
context.		
Explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and		
proverbs.		
I can explain the meaning of idioms, adages and		

 proverbs. Distinguish between synonyms and antonyms. <i>I can tell the difference between synonyms and antonyms.</i> Distinguish between similes and metaphors. <i>I can tell the difference between similes and metaphors.</i> 	
4.L.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whines, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal preservation.	
 Knowledge Targets: Acquire grade appropriate general academic word and phrases including those that signal precise actions. <i>I can use grade appropriate words and phrases that signal action.</i> Acquire grade appropriate general academic word and phrases including those that signal emotions. <i>I can use grade appropriate words and phrases that signal emotion.</i> Acquire grade appropriate general academic word and phrases including those that signal emotions. <i>I can use grade appropriate words and phrases that signal emotion.</i> Acquire grade appropriate general academic word and phrases including those that signal states of being. <i>I can use grade appropriate words and phrases that signal states of being.</i> <i>A</i>cquire grade appropriate general academic word and phrases including those that signal are basic to a particular 	
 topic. <i>I can use grade appropriate words and phrases that are basic to a topic.</i> Acquire grade appropriate domain-specific words and 	

phrases including those that signal precise actions.		
I can use grade appropriate domain specific words that		
signal action.		
Acquire grade appropriate domain-specific words and		
phrases including those that signal emotions.		
I can use grade appropriate domain-specific words that		
signal emotions.		
Acquire grade appropriate domain-specific words and		
phrases including those that signal states of being.		
I can use grade appropriate domain-specific words that		
signal states of being.		
Acquire grade appropriate domain-specific words and		
phrases including those that signal are basic to a particular		
topic.		
I can use grade appropriate words and phrases to signal		
a particular topic.		
Reasoning Targets:		
□ Use grade appropriate general academic word and		
phrases including those that signal precise actions.		
I can use appropriate words and phrases that signal action.		
□ Use grade appropriate general academic word and		
phrases including those that signal emotions.		
I can use appropriate words and phrases that signal emotion.		
Use grade appropriate general academic word and		
phrases including those that signal states of being		
I can use appropriate words and phrases that signal		
states of being.		
Use grade appropriate general academic word and		
phrases including those that signal are basic to a particular		
topic.		
I can use appropriate words and phrases that are basic to		
a topic.		
Use grade appropriate domain-specific words and phrases		
	I	Dogo

including those that signal precise actions. I can use appropriate domain specific words and phrases that signal action.	
Use grade appropriate domain-specific words and phrases including those that signal emotions.	
I can use appropriate domain-specific words and phrases that signal emotions.	
Use grade appropriate domain-specific words and phrases including those that signal states of being.	
I can use appropriate domain-specific words and phrases that signal state of being.	
Use grade appropriate domain-specific words and phrases including those that signal are basic to a particular topic.	
I can use appropriate domain-specific words and phrases that are basic to a topic.	
-	